Course Overview:
Having an idea for an appealing new product or service is a necessary but not sufficient condition for a profitable entrepreneurial venture. In general, any product or service can be made more appealing to customers by incurring more costs. The challenge is figuring out a strategy for driving a wedge between the price that customers are willing to pay for a product's functionality and the cost required to deliver this functionality. This is necessary for turning a product or service idea into a viable self-sustaining business.

Accordingly, the unique focus of this course within the broader entrepreneurship curriculum is the development of two types of capabilities: 1) the ability to think about a range of alternative solution pathways for a given problem (as opposed to assuming that the best or only possible solutions are the ones currently being offered) and 2) the ability to recognize when there are tradeoffs between alternative solution pathways, such that an entrepreneur must pick and commit to one as opposed to attempting to pursue many at once.

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Office: PACCAR 426
Office Hours: By appointment

Email and Internet:
UW Email and Canvas are the official means of communication for this class. Students are expected to read and act upon email in a timely fashion. Students should check their email regularly along with the Announcements section of this course. All instructor correspondence will be sent to your @uw.edu email account.
Course Structure and Format

Readings
There is no required textbook. Readings consist of a case packet and additional articles, which can be found on Canvas.

Deliverables
The primary deliverables in this course consist of two write-ups. These deliverables will address the most common types of strategic questions associated with entrepreneurial ideas.

Grading Policies

Submitting Assignments
Instructions for submitting assignments are included with the assignment descriptions within the Canvas course site. Due dates for all graded work are included in the Course Calendar below, and within the Canvas course.

Late Assignments
Late assignments will have 20% deducted from the graded score (not total possible score) for every hour it is late. Hence, an assignment submitted 1 to 60 minutes after the due time will have 20% deducted. An assignment submitted 61 to 120 minutes after the due time will have 40% deducted, and so on. These deductions are implemented without exception, regardless of the reason an assignment is submitted late. Do not put yourself or team at risk of unforeseen circumstances. Turn assignments with a comfortable margin before the deadline.

Grading Procedure
Assignments in this course are graded using a three-round process. In the first round, all assignments are read without grading. The purpose of this first round is to understand the central claims in the analysis, so that the bigger picture is not lost in assessment of individual points.

In the second round, all assignments are read once more in more detail to assess quality. An assignment is assessed based on its recognition of key points, use of appropriate supporting evidence, and validity of its inference and reasoning.

In the third round, all assignments are read once more in even more detail for the purpose of identifying opportunities for upward point adjustment. In this round, additional credit is awarded for category exemplars, i.e. exceptional analysis of particular points, claims not explicitly made but implied by other aspects of the analysis, and points overlooked in the previous grading. In this round, all possible benefit of the doubt is given.

Contributing to Discussion
In general, the thought experiment that I use when reflecting on a student’s added-value to class discussion is to ask whether the class as a whole would have 1) learned more versus less and 2) learned more efficiently versus less efficiently if that person had not been present for that day’s discussion.
• Making statements that clearly contradict or overlook key points in the reading will not only reveal a lack of preparation but hinder the learning process for others.
• Likewise, making statements that clearly contradict or overlook key points made earlier in class will not only reveal a lack of engagement and attention but hinder the learning process for others.
• Such instances will be noted and viewed unfavorably when assigning grades.

At a substantive level, the orientation that students should take when participating in class discussion is an analytical rather than advocacy orientation. The goal should not be to prove any person right or wrong but to make collective progress as a class towards answering questions of fact and logic. For this to work, it is absolutely critical to avoid personal defensiveness or triggering personal defensiveness. Contributing to the collective process of learning can involve asking questions or drawing inferences about facts and logic that help move everyone closer to discovering the key insights from the readings and cases for a particular day’s discussion.

At a more logistical level, earning credit for contribution to class discussion requires that you at the least be present in class and have read the required material. In also requires that you be attentive and engaged.
• Being consistently distracted or ‘tuned out’ with electronic devices for reasons unrelated to class discussion will therefore be viewed unfavorably when grades are assigned.

Students feel less motivated to speak if they see their classmates are “tuning out” to use electronic devices. This is a serious concern in this class because the level of learning hinges critically on active discussion reflecting a diversity of student perspectives. Speaking in front of classmates can be intimidating, and many students are cautious about speaking up. Whether intentionally or not, tuning out to use electronic devices sends negative feedback to speakers and promotes disengagement.

**Graded Material Overview**

Final course grades are subject to grade distribution guidelines set by the Foster School of Business. This is intended to produce an equitable distribution that ensures academic rigor and offers accurate feedback to students regarding their academic performance relative to their peers in the same cohort. Total points earned will be computed according to the weights below. This figure serves to rank students on a comparable basis; there is no predetermined relationship between absolute numeric scores and final grade points. Final grades will be determined by how students rank relative to one another in the class distribution in terms of total points earned.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Weight</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contributions to class discussion</td>
<td>15%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Write-up 1</td>
<td>45%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Write-up 2</td>
<td>40%</td>
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Grade Appeals
Before initiating a formal grade appeal, be sure to carefully read the individualized feedback on your analysis. Consider whether your concern is addressed by the comments detailed in your feedback document. Also refer to the grading process to be sure your concern is not likely to have been addressed in the upward point adjustment portion of the grading. If, after having done so, you notice a genuine oversight in the grading process, please do the following:

1) If you would like your grade on a specific assignment to be reconsidered, compose a memo that explains the reason for requesting further consideration of your work.
   a) All memos must be submitted within 1 week (7 days) of the original grade being distributed.
   b) The memo must be no more than 1 page (12-pt font, single-spaced, 1” margins).
   c) The memo must be emailed to the instructor.
   d) The memo must point to the specific lines and passages where statements addressing the expectations of the assignment were overlooked in the grading process.

2) The assignment will be re-considered in its entirety; grades may be adjusted upward or downward, or remain unaltered.

3) All grade appeals must be written; none will be considered during office hours or class time.

Note that you are more likely to be successful in professional settings if you can persuade others logically—rather than emotionally—in a concise and specific manner. Consequently, logically-motivated appeals are most likely to result in more positive evaluations upon further review. Bear in mind that the grade appeal process is designed to provide a corrective mechanism. The process should not be abused, i.e. treated as a lottery ticket.

How does the Honor Code apply to my work in this course?
This course follows the principles and procedures espoused by the University of Washington Student Conduct Code to maintain academic integrity in the course. The Code establishes the expectation that students will practice high standards of professional honesty and integrity. In particular, implementation of the Code at the Foster School of Business prohibits cheating, attempted cheating, and plagiarism—including improper citations of source material—as it pertains to academic work.

If you are unclear about how the Code applies to assignments for this course, please ask for clarification prior to submitting an assignment. All instances of potential violations will be forwarded to the relevant associate dean and handled in compliance with the University of Washington Student Conduct Code as outlined in Washington Administrative Code 478-121. After a case is submitted, no communication will occur between the student and instructor while the case is pending and awaiting the associate dean’s investigation and decision.

Specific Applications of the Conduct Code (list not all-inclusive)

1) Submitting assignments that reflect uncited work or ideas from others is an act of academic dishonesty.

2) Using external sources without properly citing them is an act of academic dishonesty. As a general rule, do not structure your writing in ways that may result in you intentionally or unintentionally receiving credit for someone else's better writing or ideas as a result of unclear delineation.
   a) Do not use ‘lazy’ paraphrasing. It is improper to use complete sentences or blocks of text in which there are only minor changes in wording from the original source. Even if the source is cited, lazy paraphrasing without quotation marks makes it unclear what is one's own original writing and what
is simply paraphrased from the source. When you do use complete sentences or blocks of text from external sources, you must use quotation marks.

b) Do not cite references by only including a list of references at the very end. You must use citations in the text. Moreover, you must use citations in the text for every instance in which ideas or wording from external sources is used, as opposed to only the first use of a source. This, again, is important for delineating your own ideas and writing from external sources.

c) For websites, provide the URL of the specific page with the cited material, as opposed to only domain names or high-level sections where the location of the cited material is not apparent.

3) Teaching cases (e.g. HBS) are not permitted as external sources.

4) If you use any sources that cannot be publicly-accessed via hyperlink, e.g. analyst or market research reports, copies of these reports must be submitted as attachments along with your assignment. As a general rule, avoid using sources that provide analysis, i.e. inferences, reasoning, conclusions. Use external sources for facts, and do your own analysis.

5) Do not provide course materials or information about course content to other students who have not yet taken the course or ask for course materials or information about course content from students who have previously taken the course.

VeriCite

The University has a license agreement with VeriCite, an educational tool that helps identify plagiarism from Internet resources. In this course, assignments will be submitted electronically and checked by VeriCite. The VeriCite Report will indicate the amount of original text in submitted work and whether material that is quoted, paraphrased, summarized, or used from another source is appropriately referenced.

In addition to VeriCite, manual checks of written assignments will be done at random and when suspicious text is encountered. For instance, 1) noticeable shifts in the tone or quality of writing and 2) sentences or passages that seem to be written for some other purpose besides answering the questions in the assignment will trigger a check of the entire text of an assignment using tools beyond VeriCite.

Access and Accommodations

Your experience in this class is important to me. If you have already established accommodations with Disability Resources for Students (DRS), please communicate your approved accommodations to me at your earliest convenience so we can discuss your needs in this course.

If you have not yet established services through DRS, but have a temporary health condition or permanent disability that requires accommodations (conditions include but not limited to; mental health, attention-related, learning, vision, hearing, physical or health impacts), you are welcome to contact DRS at 206-543-8924 or uwdrs@uw.edu or disability.uw.edu. DRS offers resources and coordinates reasonable accommodations for students with disabilities and/or temporary health conditions. Reasonable accommodations are established through an interactive process between you, your instructor(s) and DRS. It is the policy and practice of the University of Washington to create inclusive and accessible learning environments consistent with federal and state law.
Religious Accommodations

Washington state law requires that UW develop a policy for accommodation of student absences or significant hardship due to reasons of faith or conscience, or for organized religious activities. The UW's policy, including more information about how to request an accommodation, is available at Religious Accommodations Policy (https://registrar.washington.edu/staffandfaculty/religious-accommodations-policy/).

Accommodations must be requested within the first two weeks of this course using the Religious Accommodations Request form (https://registrar.washington.edu/students/religious-accommodations-request/).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Activities</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Introduction</td>
<td>Tue</td>
<td>Mar 31</td>
<td>Read syllabus closely Download course packet</td>
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<td>Why think strategically about entrepreneurship?</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Lean startup</td>
<td>Tue</td>
<td>Apr 7</td>
<td>Canvas: An MVP is not a cheaper product, It’s about smart learning</td>
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<td>Canvas: Continuous customer discovery</td>
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<td>Packet: Lit Motors</td>
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<td>Packet: Hypothesis-driven entrepreneurship</td>
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<td>Packet: GolfLogix</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Business model design: solution pathways and</td>
<td>Tue</td>
<td>Apr 14</td>
<td>Packet: Marketing malpractice (Read up to p. 6, “Building brands that</td>
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<td>efficiency mechanisms</td>
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<td>customers will hire”)</td>
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<td>Packet: (Optional) Market design in online businesses</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Credibility I: is your idea technologically</td>
<td>Tue</td>
<td>Apr 21</td>
<td>Packet: Predictive Biosciences</td>
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<td></td>
<td>realistically?</td>
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<td>Canvas: (Optional) The Holy Grail of cancer diagnostics</td>
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<td>Sun</td>
<td>Apr 26</td>
<td>**** Assignment due: write-up 1 ****</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Credibility II: is your idea economically</td>
<td>Tue</td>
<td>Apr 28</td>
<td>Packet: You can't be good at everything (Read up to p. 18, “Putting It</td>
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<td>realistically?</td>
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<td>into Practice”.)</td>
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<td>Packet: Southwest Airlines</td>
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<td>Packet: People Express Airlines</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>Credibility III:</td>
<td>Tue</td>
<td>May 5</td>
<td>Packet: Airborne Express</td>
</tr>
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</table>
|    | Intellectual property I: protecting your secret sauce | Tue | May 12 | Canvas: Profiting from technological innovation (Read sections 1, 2, 3.1, 3.3, 6.1 to 6.4)  
Canvas: Flash of Genius |
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<td>Packet: X-IT and Kidde</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>Intellectual property II:</td>
<td>Tue</td>
<td>May 19</td>
<td>Packet: Medical Foods, Inc.</td>
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</table>
| 10 | Competitive dynamics: first-mover advantages and more| Tue | May 26 | Packet: Leader's (Dis)Advantage  
Packet: (Optional) Network effects aren't enough  
Packet: (Optional) Mobilizing networked businesses |
|   |                                                      |     |        | Packet: Online pet supply                                                           |
| 10 | Bringing it all together                            | Tue | Jun 2  | Packet: Birchbox  
Canvas: What's next for sample beauty boxes?  
Canvas: The rewards of sampling  
Canvas: Birchbox, seller of beauty products, steps out from web with a store  
Canvas: Birchbox store Yelp reviews |
|   |                                                      |     |        | **** Assignment due: write-up 2 ****                                                |